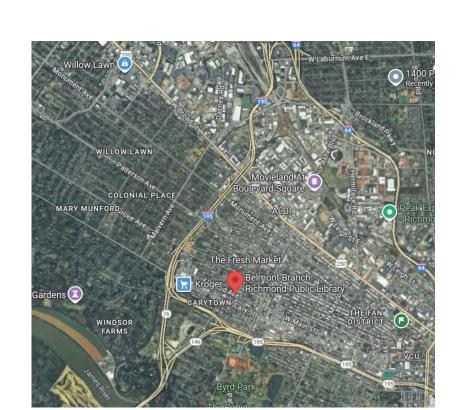
IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Belmont Branch Library

3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221

CITY OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 1ST DISTRICT/MUSEUM DISTRICT



VICINITY MAP

SCALE: 1"=2000'(<u>+</u>)

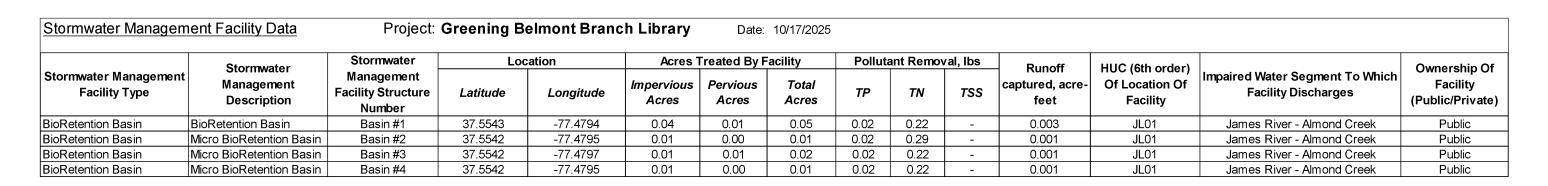
E+S STATIS	TICS					
EROSION + SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES	QUANTITY					
CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE		N/A (S	SEE NO	ΓE)		
SILT FENCE		205 L.	F.			
INLET PROTECTION		2 EACI	+			
STORM DRAINAGE ITEMS		QUANT	ΊΤΥ			
6" HDPE PERF. UNDERDRAIN PIPING	96 L.F.					
6" HDPE OVERFLOW PIPING	80 L.F.					
LOT STATIS	TICS	SQUAR	E FEET	-		
TOTAL LOT AREA	15,682 SF					
AMOUNT OF IMP. SURFACE AREA	13,504 SF					
AMOUNT OF PER. SURFACE	2,178 SF					
AMOUNT OF LAND DISTURBANCE	3,809 SF=0.09 AC			AC		
SEWER DESIG	NATIC	N				
MS4		YES	Χ	NO		
COMBINED SEWER (CSS)	Χ	YES		NO		
BAY DESIGNATION						
CHESAPEAKE BAY AREA		YES	Χ	NO		
IF YES,		RMA		RPA		

NOTE: ALL QUANTITIES LISTED ARE FOR REVIEW PURPOSES ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM THEIR OWN TAKE OFF FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES

Preparer's Seal/Stamp

certify that the information above is

October 17, 2025





SHEET INDEX

<u>Sheet Title</u> 0 Cover Sheet

Existing Conditions & Demolition Plan

Layout Plan Grading Plan

Details

Planting Plan for Volunteers
Notes

Additional Notes



PROJECT DATA

OWNER: CITY OF RICHMOND PUBLIC WORKS 900 E. BROAD STREET RICHMOND, VA 23219

DEVELOPER
JAMES RIVER ASSOCIATION
16 SOUTH 17TH STREET, SUITE 100
RICHMOND, VA 23219
CONTACT: JUSTIN DOYLE

PHONE: 804.788.8811
EMAIL: JDOYLE@THEJAMESRIVER.ORG

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT
FOUR WINDS DESIGN, LC
705 LIBBIE AVENUE
RICHMOND, VA 23226
CONTACT: DREW HARRIGAN
PHONE: 804.920.5878
EMAIL: DREW@FOURWINDSDESIGN.COM

CIVIL ENGINEER
GRADIENT, PC
1406 LABURNUM PARK BOULEVARD
RICHMOND, VA 23227
CONTACT: CLAIRE SMITH SHIRLEY, PE, LEED AP
PHONE: 804.399.0500
EMAIL: CLAIRE@GRADIENTENVIRONMENT.COM

CITY STANDARD PROJECT NOTES:
PROPERTY ADDRESS: 3100 ELWOOD AVENUE
ZONING: R-6
MAP REFERENCE #: W0001407034
MASTERPLAN LUD: COMMUNITY MIXED USE
CITY COUNCIL DISTRICT: 1 (MUSEUM DISTRICT)

PROJECT SUMMARY: EXTERIOR LANDSCAPE IMPROVEMENTS EXISTING USE: LIBRARY

PROPOSED USE: LIBRARY

ACREAGE: 0.36 ACRES

BUILDINGS: 1 EXISTING BUILDING

PARKING: 9 EXISTING SPACES (NO CHANGES PROPOSED)

HUC CODE: 020802060101

JL01 JAMES RIVER-ALMOND CREEK

RELATED PERMITS

STORM DRAIN CONNECTION PERMIT WORK-IN-STREET PERMIT

NOTE:

THIS SITE DOES NOT LIE WITHIN A CHESAPEAKE BAY RMA OR RPA. THIS SITE LIES WITHIN THE CITY'S COMBINED SEWER SERVICES AREA.

Revision Block

Date: Shee 10-22-25 0.0









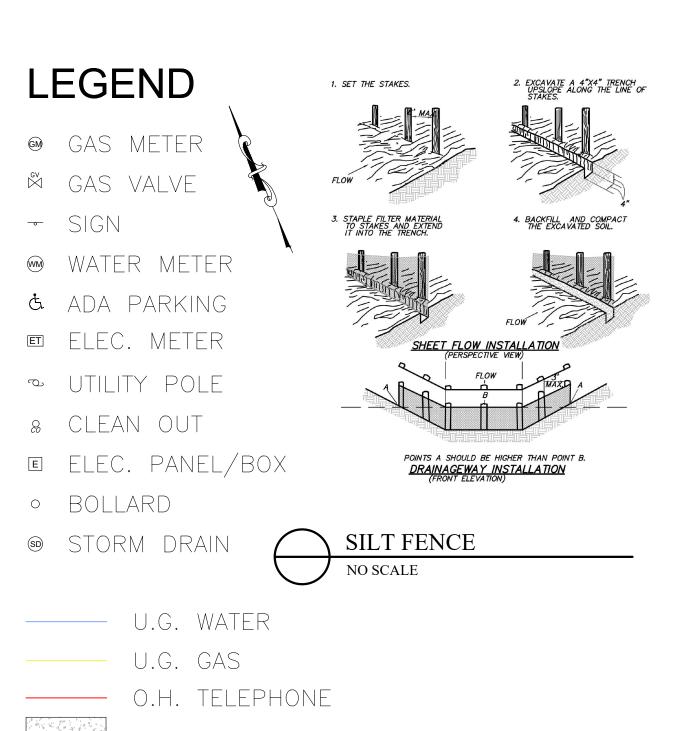




IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Belmont Branch Library

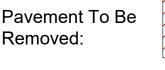
3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221



Silt Fence, see detail

Infiltration Test

locations (



HORZ: NAD83

VERT.: NAVD88

DATUM:

_rosion & Sediment Control

8" Silt Soxx, (2) see detail

Concrete Removal Details at corner intersection eave elec ___junction Remove brick edge box in placeand all material to edge of concrete Preserve corner property stone in situ-

THE EXISTENCE AND LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE ONLY PARTIALLY SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, CONTACT MISS UTILITY.

CONTRACTOR TO ASSUME ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSTRUCTION METHODS EMPLOYED AND FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS. ISSUES AND CONCERNS SHALL BE

CONSTRUCTION WITHOUT PROPERLY DISPLAYED MUNICIPALITY PERMITS. NO HOLES SHALL BE LEFT OPEN

CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN ALL BUILDING PERMITS, SOIL STUDIES, AND STRUCTURAL DETAILS AS REQUIRED BY THE MUNICIPALITY.

PROJECT DISPLAY BOARD INSTALLED BY JRA. CONTRACTOR TO LEAVE BOARD IN PLACE UNTIL FINAL CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN LAMINATED TEMPORARY CLOSURE SIGNS THROUGHOUT DURATION OF THE

PROJECT. CONTRACTOR TO DOCUMENT DEPTHS OF BASIN EXCAVATION AND EXPLORATORY EXCAVATION

(STORMWATER INFRASTRUCTURE EXPOSURE) WITH PHOTOS IN REAL TIME. UPLOAD TO DROPBOX WITH LINK PROVIDED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

STUMPS SHALL BE GROUND TO THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE INCLUDING SURROUNDING ROOT MASS. REMOVE DEBRIS AND BACKFILL WITH HIGH GRADE TOPSOIL. NOTE TREES TO BE MECHANICALLY REMOVED; ALL CAN BE REMOVED MECHANICALLY IF PREFERABLE.

This drawing prints to scale on 24 x36" paper and should be printed in color. Do not use

Shrubs To Be Limits of Disturbance Preserved: **Existing Trees To** Be Removed:

CONCRETE

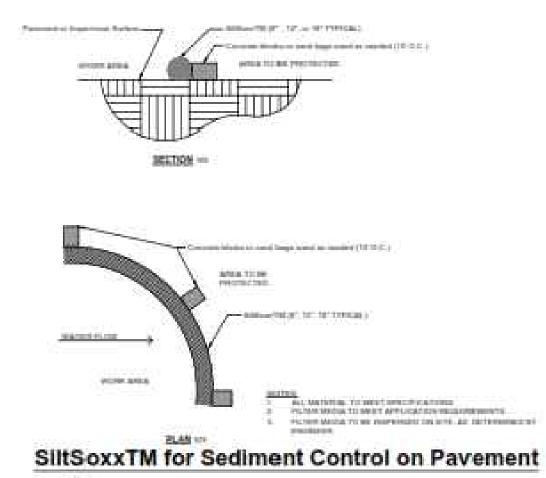
Downspout locations

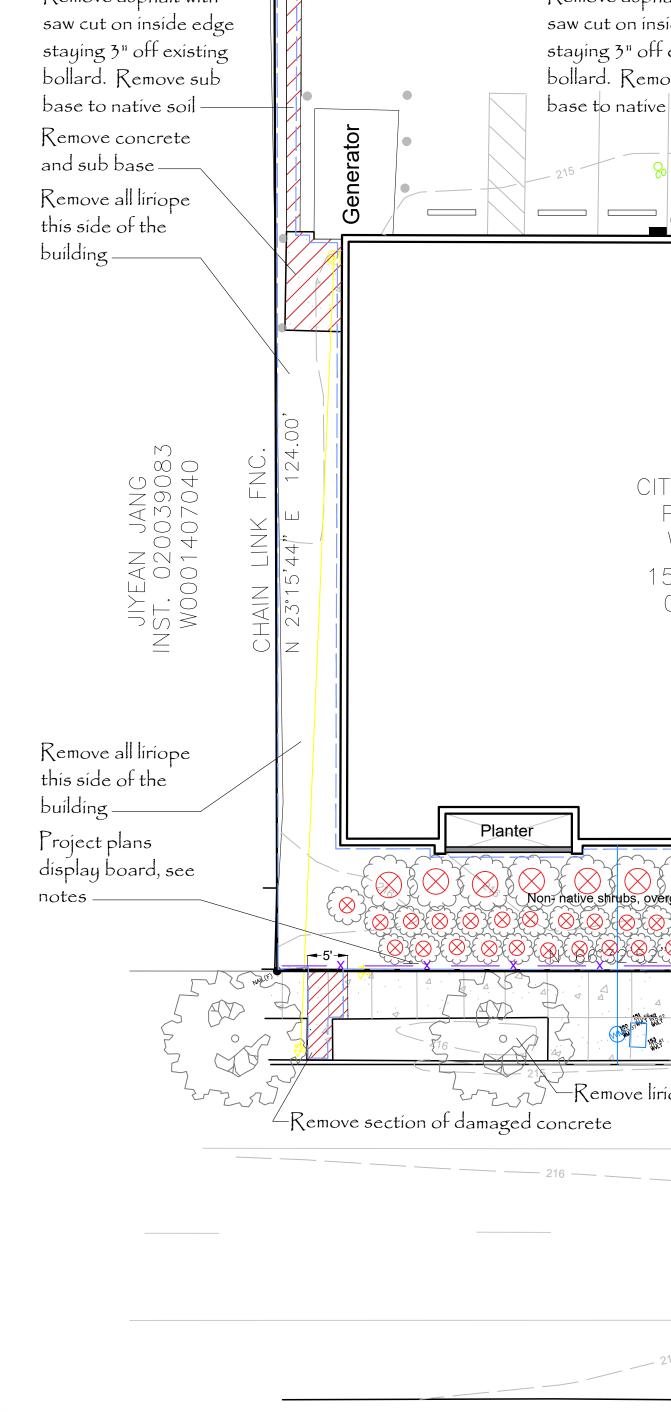
below ground

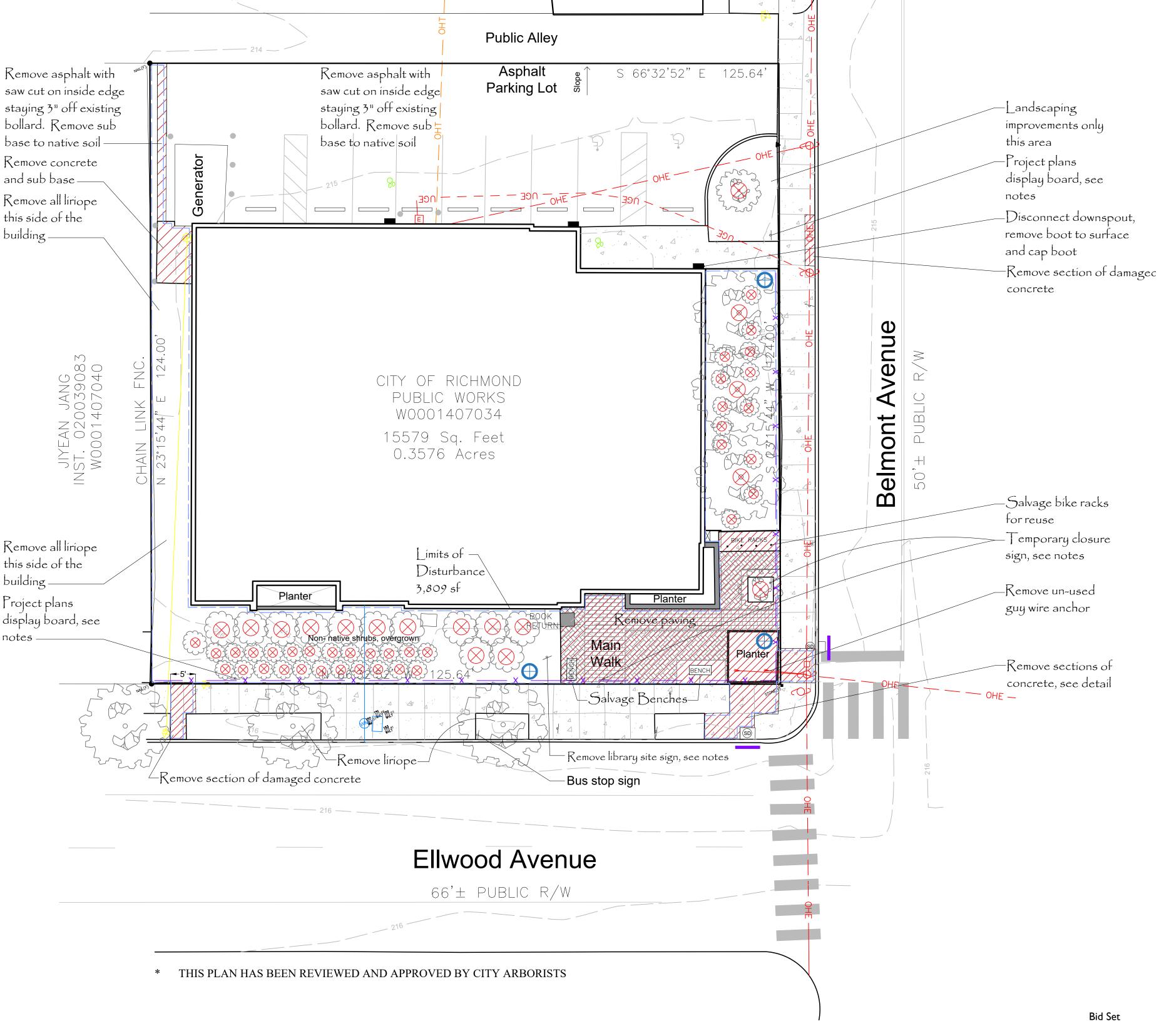
Downspout location, goes

Construction Access Notes: Due to the urban nature and selective demolition of the site, all site access will be from adjacent roadways and

- Installation of a Construction Entrance is not feasible. Contractor shall minimize sediment runoff from site at all times during construction. Any sedimentation of adjacent sitewalks, curb & gutter and roadways will be cleaned immediately as
- required by the minimum standards. Contractor shall provide all required Work Area Protection signage and necessary road closures shall be coordinated with and permitted by DPW.













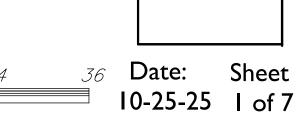












Revision Block

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Belmont Branch Library

3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221

LEGEND

- GAS METER
- S VALVE
- SIGN
- w Water Meter
- Ġ ADA PARKING
- ELEC. METER
- © UTILITY POLE
- & CLEAN OUT
- E ELEC. PANEL/BOX
- o BOLLARD
- ® STORM DRAIN



U.G. WATER

U.G. GAS

O.H. TELEPHONE



CONCRETE

Downspout locations Downspout location, goes below ground



Existing Trees & Shrubs To Be Preserved:



Limits of Disturbance

Erosion & Sediment

Proposed Elements, see details

■ (8) Bee Zone Markers



Bioretention Basin

- Irrigation conduit: 4" sched 40 PVC

NOTES

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NO PUBLIC THOROUGHFARES INCLUDING SIDEWALKS SHALL BE BLOCKED DURING DEMOLITION OR CONSTRUCTION WITHOUT PROPERLY DISPLAYED MUNICIPALITY PERMITS. NO HOLES SHALL BE LEFT OPEN OVERNIGHT WITHOUT SECURING PERIMETER FENCING OR INSTALLING CAUTION TAPE AROUND THE HOLE CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN ALL BUILDING PERMITS, SOIL STUDIES, AND STRUCTURAL DETAILS AS REQUIRED BY THE MUNICIPALITY

IRRIGATION SYSTEM BY RICHMOND IRRIGATION AND MANAGED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. FOLLOW

CONTRACTOR TO ALLOW ONE WEEK IN PROJECT SCHEDULE FOR ROUGH IN OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM CONTRACTOR MAY BE ON SITE BUT MUST STAY OUT OF THE WAY (ALIGN WITH CONCRETE POUR/ MASONRY/ PAVERS, ORNAMENTAL GRAVEL, ARBOR SCHEDULE, ETC).

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FINISH GRADE OF ALL PLANTING BEDS SHALL BE LEFT 5" BELOW MASONRY FINISH ELEVATION OF PROPOSED AND EXISTING PAVING EXCEPT WHERE NOTED

ALL DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SOIL IN ALL PLANTING AREAS.

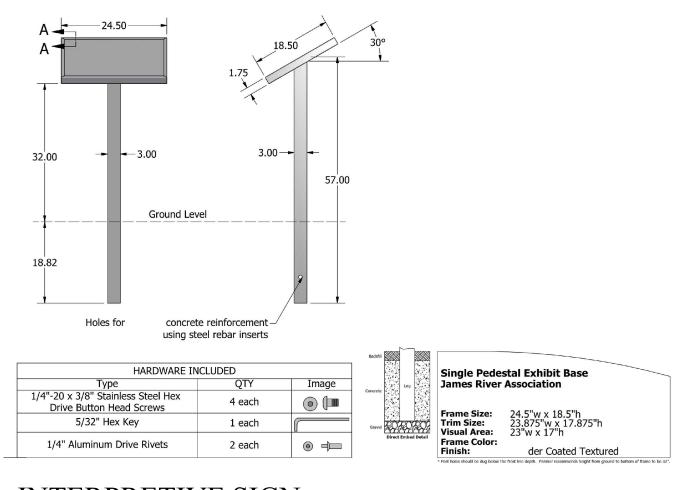
CONTRACTOR TO PERFORM SITE WALK THROUGH WITH LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE JAMES RIVER ASSOCIATION, AND RICHMOND PUBLIC LIBRARIES LEADERSHIP JUST BEFORE **VOLUNTEER WORK DAYS FOR PUNCH LIST.**

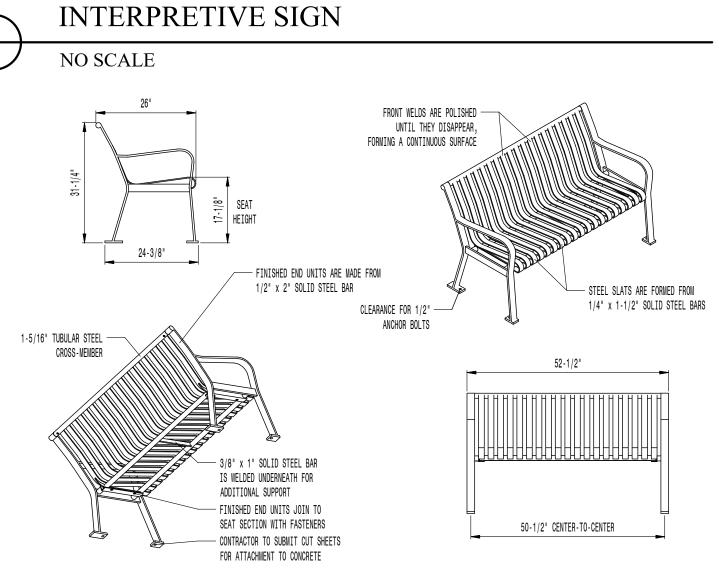
ADDITIONAL DIMENSIONS AND LAYOUT NOTATION PROVIDED WITH CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.

CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT SPEC SHEET FOR THE BIORETENTION MEDIA AND PROVIDE A MOCK-UP OF THE CONCRETE FINISHING FOR ALL CONCRETE FINISHING. THIS DRAWING PRINTS TO SCALE ON 24 X36" PAPER AND SHOULD BE PRINTED IN COLOR. DO NOT USE

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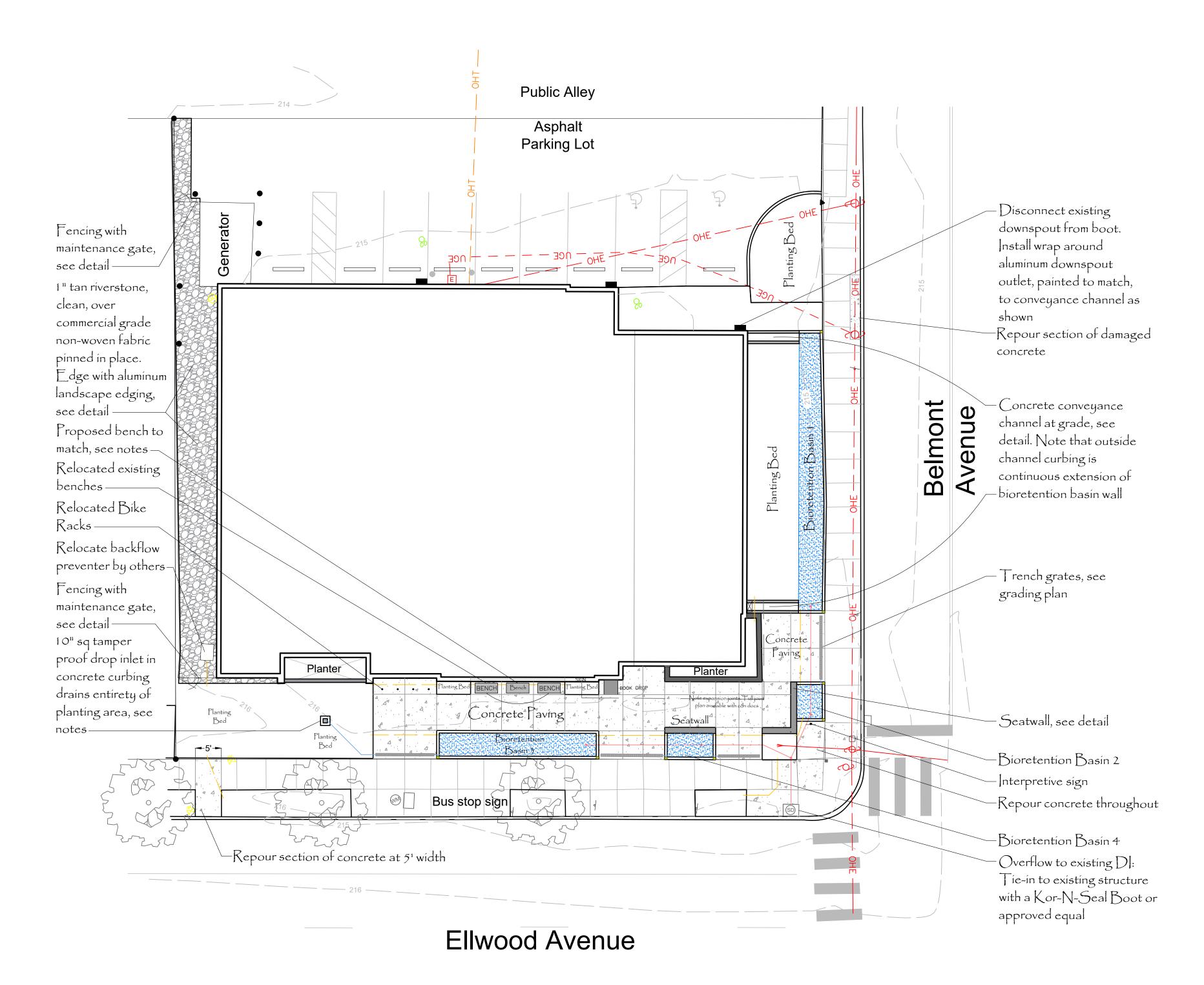
NOT-TO-SCALE OR BLACK AND WHITE DRAWINGS FOR FIELD WORK OR CONSTRUCTION







RICHMOND PUBLIC LIBRARY





Layout Plan For construction Scale: 1"= 12' 36 Date: Sheet 10-22-25 2 of 7

Bid Set

Revision Block

Altria James River









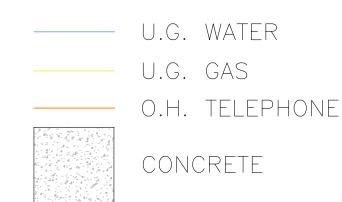
IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Belmont Branch Library

3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221

LEGEND

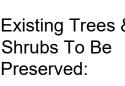
- GAS METER
- S GAS VALVE
- SIGN
- w WATER METER
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- ELEC. METER
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- & CLEAN OUT
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- BOLLARD
- ® STORM DRAIN



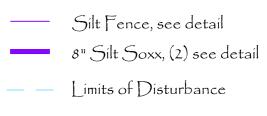
Downspout locations

Downspout location, goes
below ground

Erosion & Sediment
Control







Proposed Elements, see details

- (8) Bee Zone Markers
- Concrete
- Bioretention Basin

NOTES

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UPON BID AWARD CONTRACTOR'S PROJECT MANAGER, FOREMEN, AND / OR SITE SUPERVISOR SHALL ATTEND A MEETING ON SITE FOR DRAWING REVIEW AND PROJECT EXPECTATIONS.

COMPREHENSIVE GRADING PLAN INCLUDING CRITICAL SPOT ELEVATIONS PROVIDED WITH CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.

ALL CONVEYANCE PIPING (OTHER THAN UNDERDRAINS) SHALL BE AT A 2% MINIMUM SLOPE.

TRENCH GRATES SHALL BE 6" X 24" ARGO TRENCH GRATE BY IRON AGE GRATES (AN6-24IO3) IN CAST ALUMINUM. USE TAMPER PROOF SCREWS. USE 6" NDS DURASLOPE HDPE TRENCH DRAIN (NDL 150-08) SET IN CONCRETE POUR OR APPROVED EQUAL.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NARRATIVE

The existing site contains the library building, associated parking, sidewalks, a public benches and landscaping. Drainage generally runs away from the building toward the adjacent roadways. The parking lot drains to the alley, to the adjacent streets, Ellwood Avenue and Belmont Avenue. All drainage from the site and surrounding sidewalks is collected into the City's combined sewer system at the adjacent inlets at the intersection.

The main objective and purpose of this project is to provide improved aesthetics through landscaping enhancements that will reduce runoff, improve stormwater quality and promote infiltration. This will be achieved through the installation of Bio Retention Basins that will collect and treat roof runoff as well as the adjacent on-site concrete areas. While the limits of disturbance is less than 4,000 square feet, for purposes of this project, the entire site will be used to define the disturbed area to illustrate how the proposed improvements affect the stormwater runoff from the site.

Stormwater Quality Analysis: While water quality treatmen

While water quality treatment is not required due to the location in the combined sewer services area, calculations are provided to illustrate the impact of the improvements made on the site. As indicated by the VRRM calculations, if this project were required to meet the water quality standards, the design exceeds the requirements of 9VAC25-875-590 for water quality treatment on a ReDevelopment project. The TP Load Reduction Required is 0.04 lb/yr of Phosphorous. The Target TP Load Reduction is Exceeded by 0.01 lb/yr; a total of 0.05 lb/yr of Phosphorous will be removed from the site after the improvements.

Stormwater Quantity Analysis:

While water quantity analysis is not required due to the disturbed area being below the threshold of 4,000 sf, the stormwater quantity analysis is based on Minium Standard 19, which requires that the site be developed such that it will not cause the pre-development peak runoff rate from a ten-year storm to increase when runoff outfalls into a man-made channel, inclusive of sanitary sewer flow. In other words

 $(Q10pre+Qsan pre) \ge (Q10post + Qsan post).$

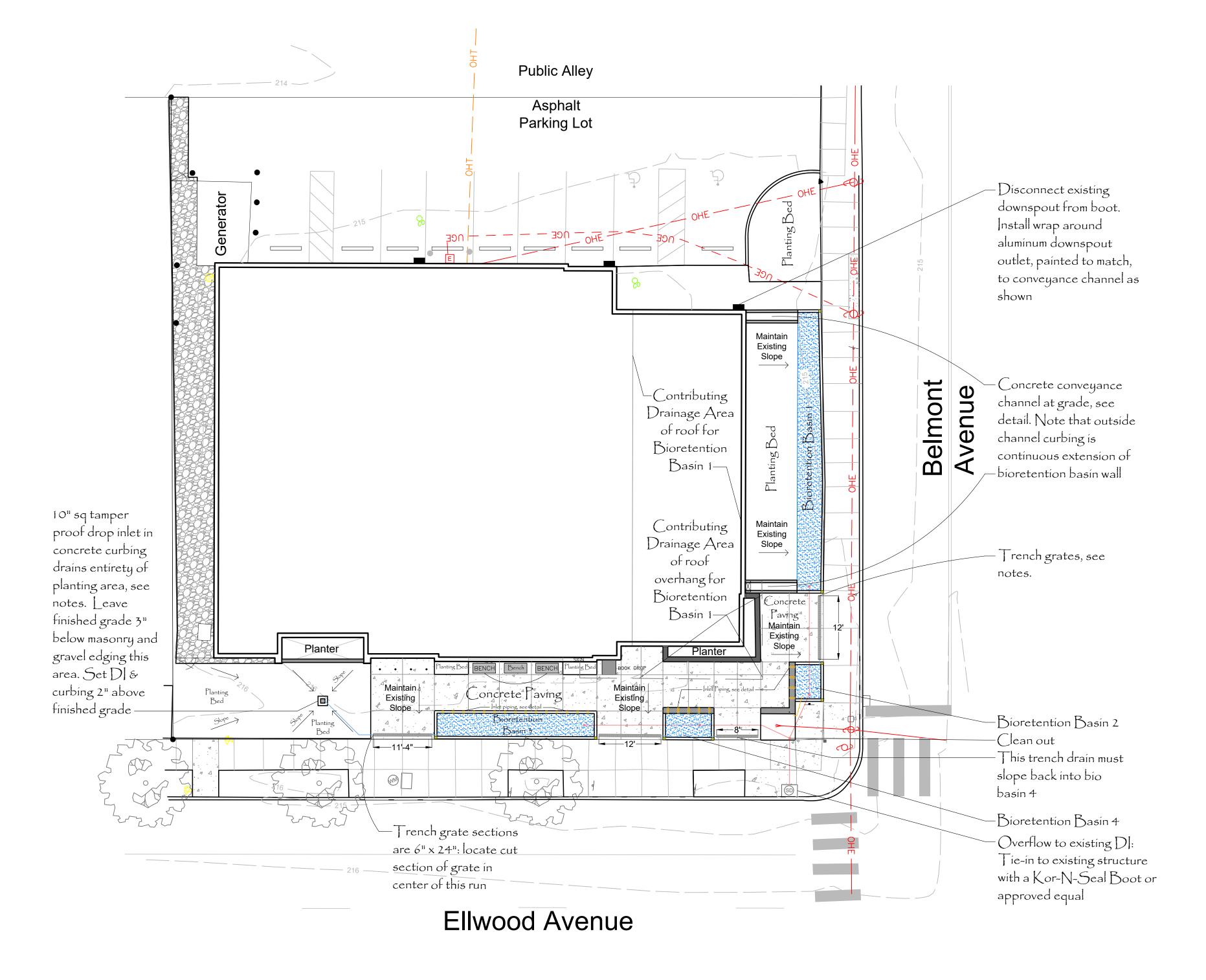
For this project, there is no change to the sanitary sewer discharge, so the requirement is:

Q10pre ≥Q10post

This is achieved through the improvement of the infiltration rates of the pervious areas on site and the treatment of runoff from roof area and adjacent on-site sidewalk areas in Bioretention Basins in the sidewalk.

The resultant calculations show that the design is in compliance with MS-19 requirements:

Q10pre = 2.04 cfs \geq Q10post = 2.04 cfs











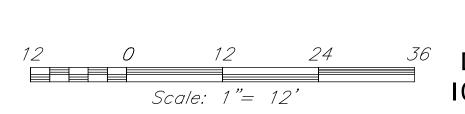


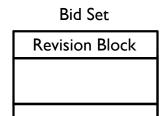






Grading Plan
For construction



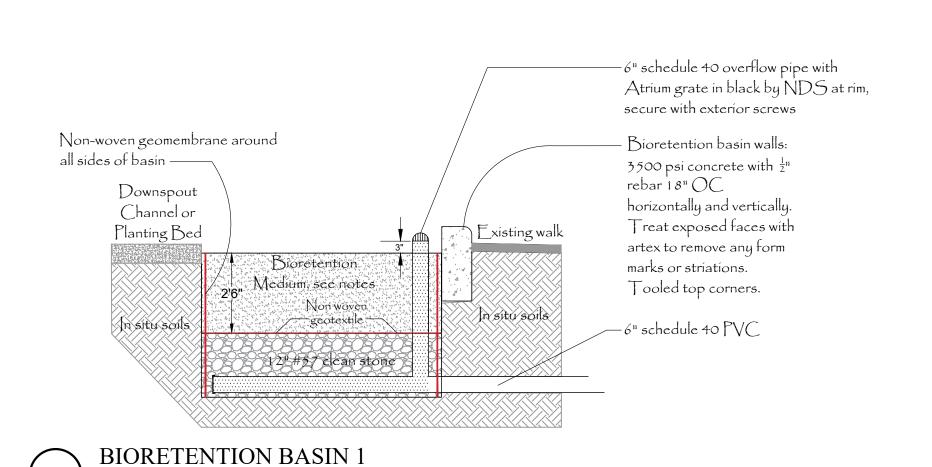


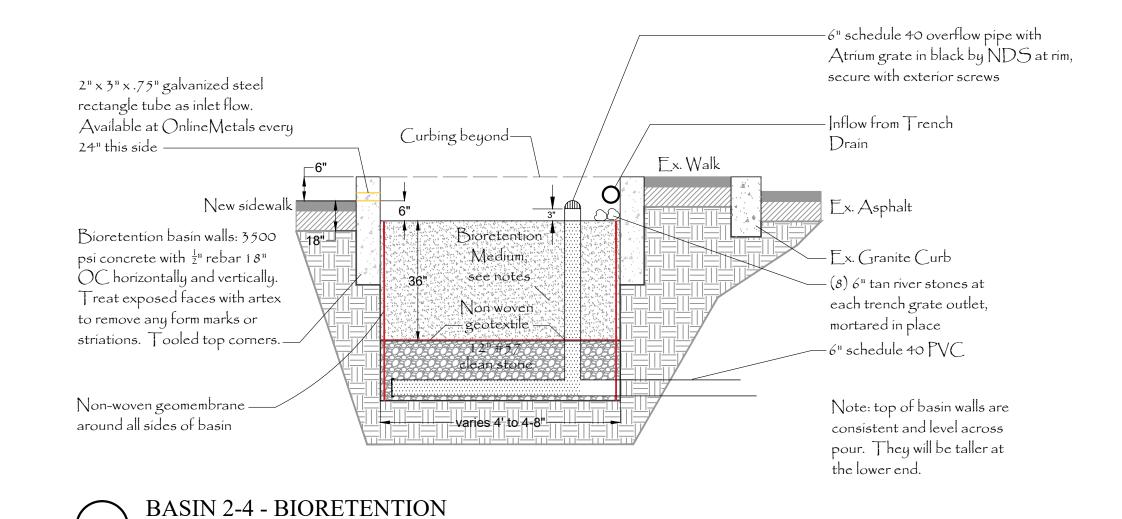
Date: Sheet 0-22-25 3 of 7

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

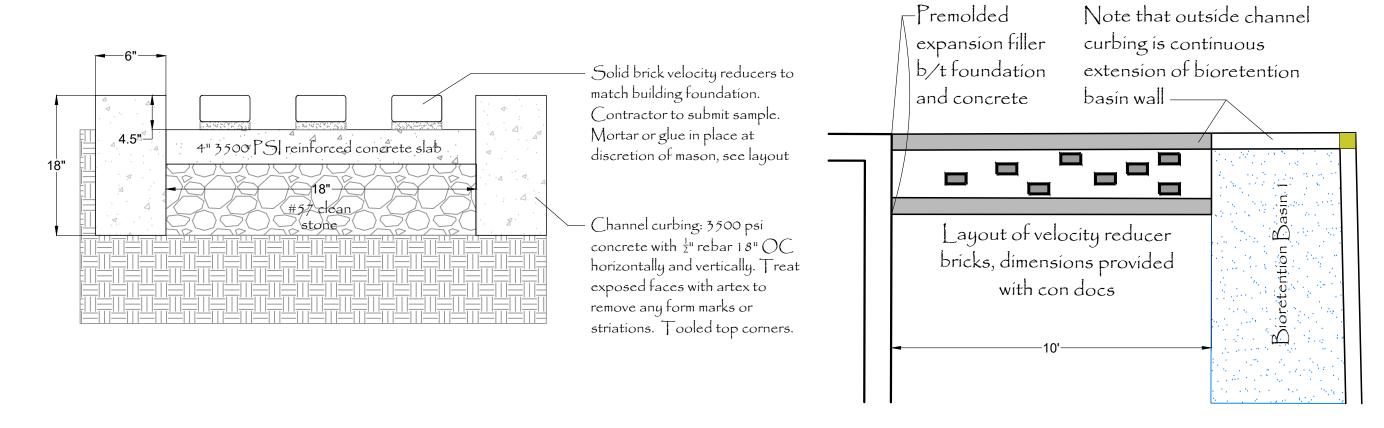
Belmont Branch Library

3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221





Top of edging is a maximum of 1" above finished grade on both sides. Planting bed Commercial grade landscape fabric pinned in place. Gravel: 4" depth of 1" tan riverstone, clean. Subgrade. Securing stake driven into subgrade. Note: String lines shall be used on straight lengths of edging; layout dimensions shall be followed exactly

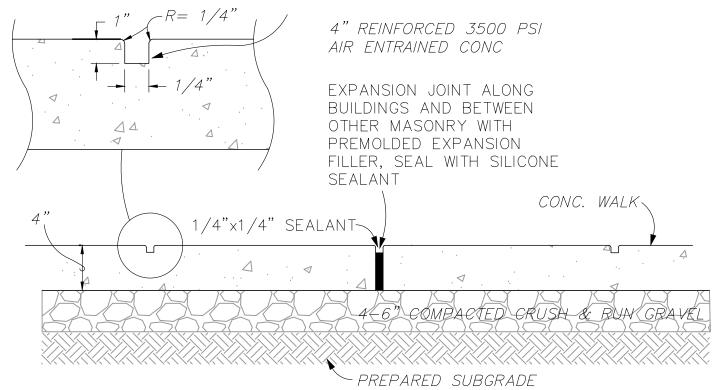


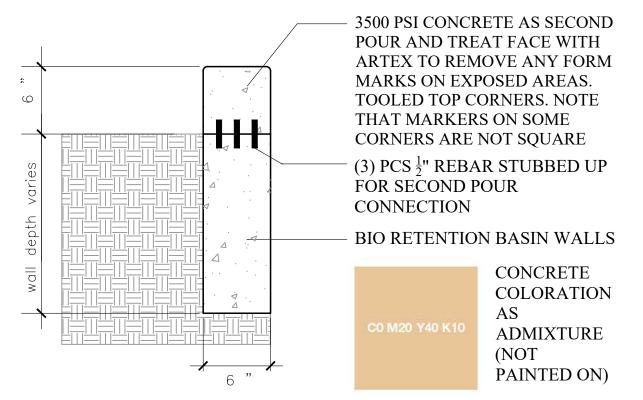
NO SCALE





TOOLED CONTROL JOINT; CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT CONTROL JOINT PLAN











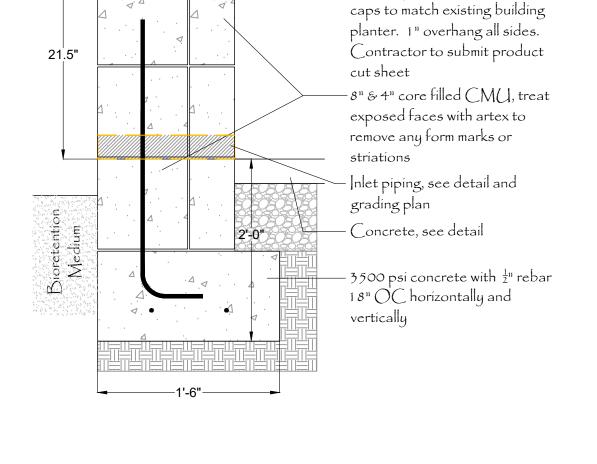








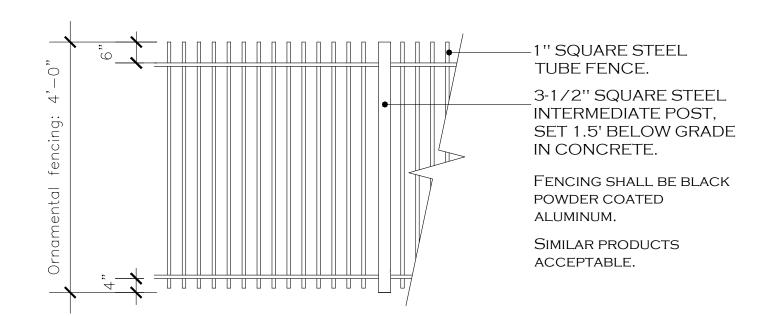


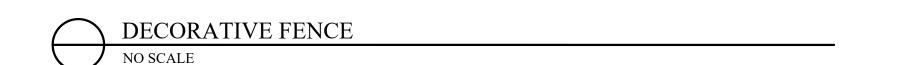


4" thick precast concrete wall



Four Winds







Bid Set

Revision Block

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Belmont Branch Library

3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221

LEGEND

- GAS METER
- SY GAS VALVE
- SIGN
- WATER METER
- & ADA PARKING
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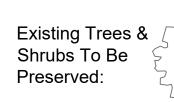


O.H. TELEPHONE

CONCRETE

U.G. WATER

Downspout locations Downspout location, goes below ground



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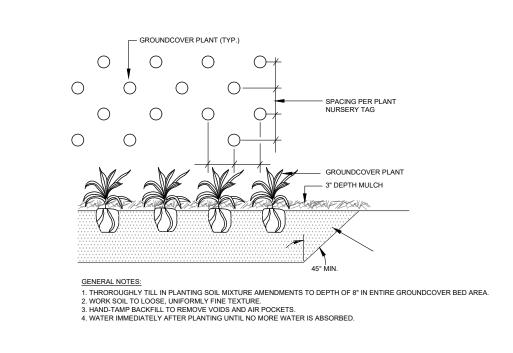
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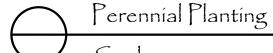
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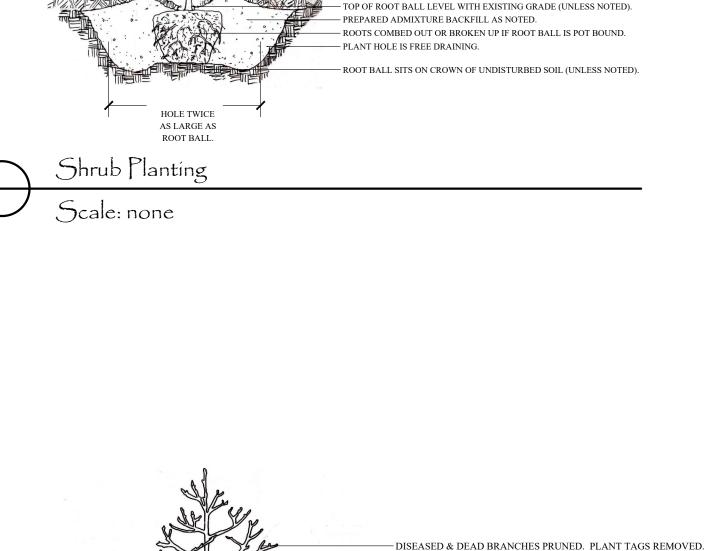
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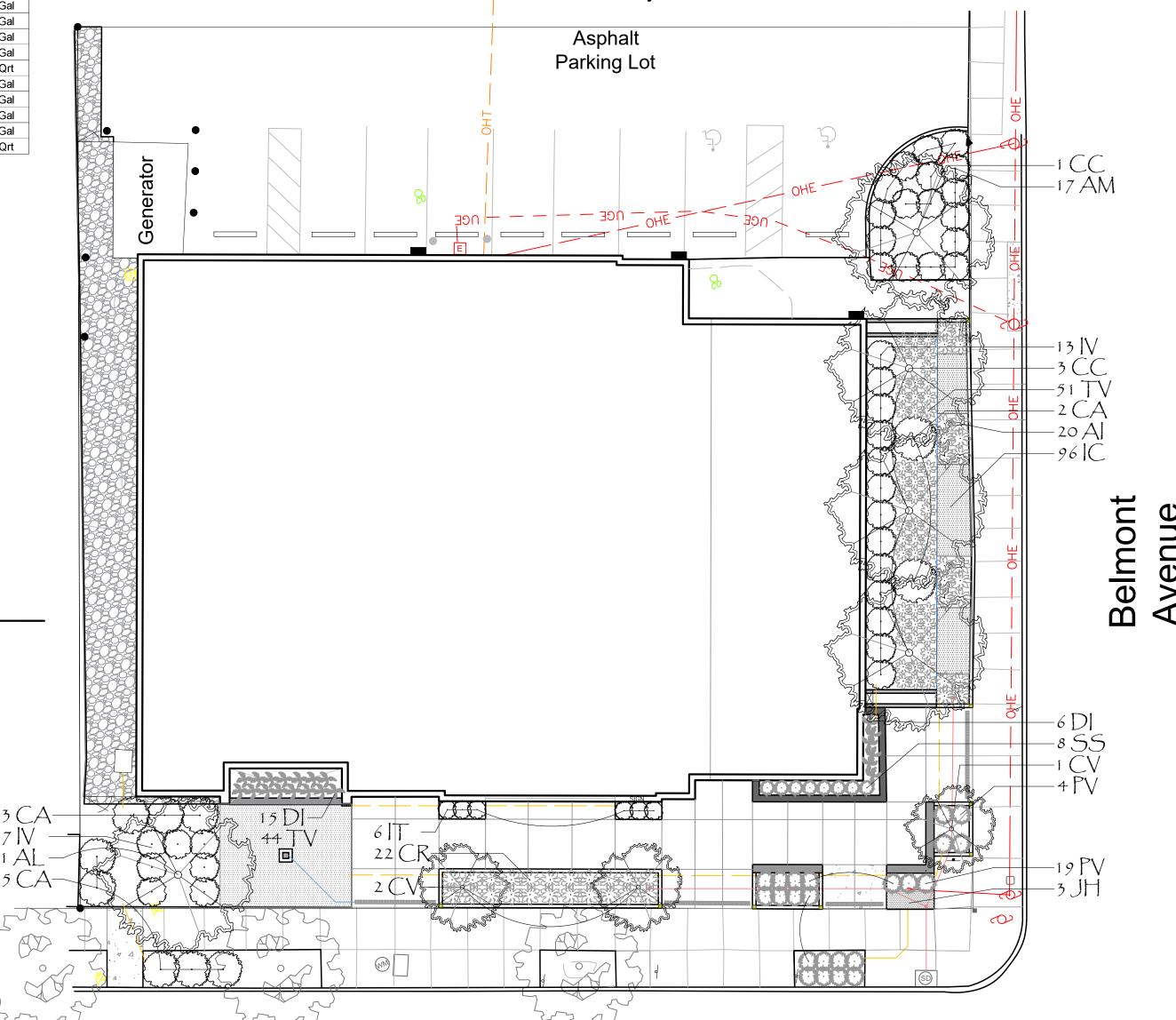
NOT-TO-SCALE OR BLACK AND WHITE DRAWINGS FOR FIELD WORK OR CONSTRUCTION. PLANTS, SOIL AMENDMENTS, AND MULCH WILL BE INSTALLED BY VOLUNTEERS.

Code	Botanical Name	Common Name	Quantity	Size
AA	Amelanchier laevis	Serviceberry	1	8-10'
AM	Aronia melanocarpa 'Snowfire'	Chokeberrry	17	3 Gal
Al	Asclepias incarnata	Swamp Milkweed	20	1 Gal
CC	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	4	8-10'
CV	Chionanthus virginicus 'Spring Fleecing'	Fringetree	3	6-8'
CR	Cimicifuga racemosa 'Chocoholic'	Black Snakeroot	22	1 Gal
CA	Clethra alnifolia	Summersweet	7	3 Gal
DI	Dryopteris intermedia	Fancy Fern	21	1 Gal
IV	llex vomitoria 'Bordeaux'	Dwarf Yaupon Holly	13	7 Gal
IC	Iris cristata 'Tennesee White'	Dwarf Crested Iris	96	1 Qrt
IT	Itea virginica 'Little Henry'	Sweetspire	6	3 Gal
JH	Juniperus horizontalis 'Mother Lode'	Creeping Juniper	3	1 Gal
PV	Panicum virgatum 'Purple Tears'	Switch Grass	23	1 Gal
SS	Schizachyrium scoparium 'Shining Star'	Little Bluestem	10	1 Gal
TV	Tradescantia virginiana	Spiderwort	95	1 Qrt



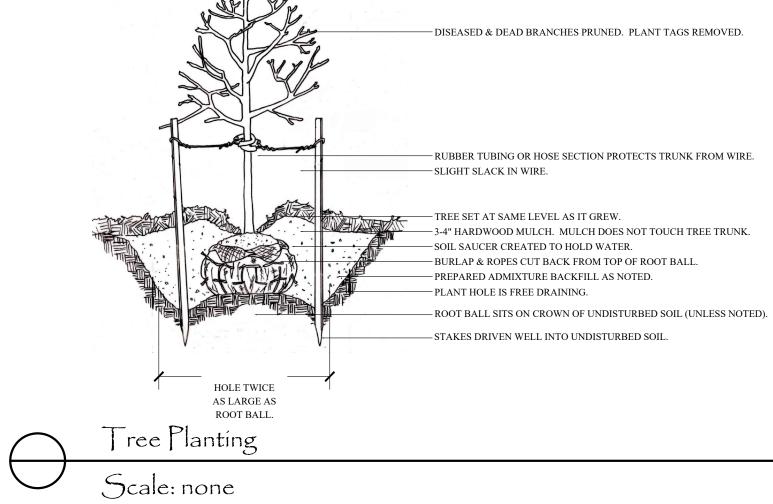






Public Alley

Ellwood Avenue



APPROX. 30 DEGREES 1. EXCAVATE TRENCH BY HAND W/ SPADE APPROX. 45 DEGREES 2. ADD EXCESS SOIL TO ADJACENT PLANT BED AFTER PULLING BACK EXISTING MULCH. RATE SOIL AND SMOOTH BEFORE MULCHING.

Planting Bed Edge







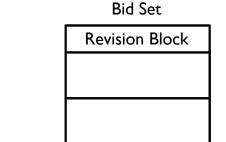












Date: Sheet 10-22-25 5 of 7

IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Belmont Branch Library

3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221

/ESCH GENERAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

THE FINAL INSPECTION.

ES-1: UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED ACCORDING TO MINIMUM STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF

THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REGULATIONS 9VAC25-840. ES-2: THE PLAN APPROVING AUTHORITY MUST BE NOTIFIED ONE WEEK PRIOR TO THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE, ONE WEEK PRIOR TO THE

ES-3: ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE PLACED PRIOR TO OR AS THE FIRST STEP IN CLEARING.

COMMENCEMENT OF LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY, AND ONE WEEK PRIOR TO

ES-4: A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE SITE AT ALL TIMES.

ES-5: PRIOR TO COMMENCING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES IN AREAS OTHER THAN INDICATED ON THESE PLANS (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO. OFF-SITE BORROW OR WASTE AREAS), THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A SUPPLEMENTARY EROSION CONTROL PLAN TO THE OWNER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE PLAN APPROVING AUTHORITY.

ES-6: THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF ANY ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES NECESSARY TO PREVENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION AS DETERMINED BY THE PLAN APPROVING AUTHORITY.

ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE TO DRAIN TO APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AT ALL TIMES DURING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AND DURING SITE DEVELOPMENT UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

ES-8: DURING DEWATERING OPERATIONS, WATER WILL BE PUMPED INTO AN APPROVED FILTERING DEVICE.

ES-9: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PERIODICALLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF-PRODUCING RAINFALL EVENT. ANY NECESSARY REPAIRS OR CLEANUP TO MAINTAIN THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE

RICHMOND STANDARD E&S NOTES

EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY.

- 1. PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO DENUDED AREAS WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADE IS REACHED ON ANY PORTION OF THE SITE. TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN SEVEN DAYS TO DENUDED AREAS THAT MAY NOT BE AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL REMAIN, DORMANT (UNDISTURBED) FOR LONGER THAN 14 DAYS. PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO AREAS THAT ARE TO BE LEFT DORMANT FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR.
- 2. EXCESS EXCAVATION DISPOSED OF OFF THE SITE SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
- 3. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK AND SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO OR AS THE FIRST STEP OF THE LAND DISTURBING
- 4. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS SHALL BE MAINTAINED SO THAT THE SEDIMENT CARRYING RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL NOT ENTER STORM
- 5. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THE DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED.
- 6. PROPERTIES ADJOINING THE SITE SHALL BE KEPT CLEAN OF MUD OR SILT CARRIED FROM THE SITE BY VEHICULAR TRAFFIC OR RUNOFF.
- 7. THE DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS REMOVED FROM FROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FACILITIES AND THE DISPOSAL OF THESE FACILITIES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
- 8. STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE APPLIED TO EARTHEN STRUCTURES SUCH AS DAMS, DIKES AND DIVERSIONS IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLATION.
- 9. DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, SOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED OR PROTECTED WITH SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURES. THE APPLICANT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TEMPORARY PROTECTION AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL SOIL STOCKPILES ON SITE AS WELL AS SOIL INTENTIONALLY TRANSPORTED FROM THE PROJECT SITE.

19 MINIMUM STANDARDS

A VESCP MUST BE CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA, TECHNIQUES AND METHODS:

- 1. PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO DENUDED AREAS WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADE IS REACHED ON ANY PORTION OF THE SITE. TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN SEVEN DAYS TO DENUDED AREAS THAT MAY NOT BE AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL REMAIN DORMANT FOR LONGER THAN 14 DAYS. PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO AREAS THAT ARE TO BE LEFT DORMANT FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR.
- 2. DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, SOIL STOCK PILES AND BORROW AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED OR PROTECTED WITH SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURES. THE APPLICANT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TEMPORARY PROTECTION AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL SOIL STOCKPILES ON SITE AS WELL AS BORROW AREAS AND SOIL INTENTIONALLY TRANSPORTED FROM THE PROJECT SITE.
- 3. A PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE ESTABLISHED ON DENUDED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. PERMANENT VEGETATION SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED ESTABLISHED UNTIL A GROUND COVER IS ACHIEVED THAT IS UNIFORM, MATURE ENOUGH TO SURVIVE AND WILL INHIBIT
- 4. SEDIMENT BASINS AND TRAPS, PERIMETER DIKES, SEDIMENT BARRIERS AND OTHER MEASURES INTENDED TO TRAP SEDIMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS A FIRST STEP IN ANY LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY AND SHALL BE MADE
- 5. STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE APPLIED TO EARTHEN STRUCTURES SUCH AS DAMS, DIKES AND DIVERSIONS IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLATION.
- 6. SEDIMENT TRAPS AND SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED BASED UPON THE TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA TO BE SERVED BY

FUNCTIONAL BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE TAKES PLACE.

CUBIC YARDS PER ACRE OF DRAINAGE AREA AND THE TRAP SHALL ONLY CONTROL DRAINAGE AREAS LESS THAN THREE ACRES. b. SURFACE RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS THAT IS COMPRISED OF FLOW FROM DRAINAGE AREAS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THREE ACRES SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY A SEDIMENT BASIN. THE MINIMUM STORAGE CAPACITY OF A SEDIMENT BASIN SHALL BE 134 CUBIC YARDS PER ACRE OF DRAINAGE AREA. THE OUTFALL SYSTEM SHALL, AT A MINIMUM, MAINTAIN THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE BASIN DURING A 25-YEAR STORM OF 24-HOUR DURATION. RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS USED IN RUNOFF

a. THE MINIMUM STORAGE CAPACITY OF A SEDIMENT TRAP SHALL BE 134

CALCULATIONS SHALL CORRESPOND TO A BARE EARTH CONDITION OR THOSE CONDITIONS EXPECTED TO EXIST WHILE THE SEDIMENT BASIN IS UTILIZED. CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER

THAT WILL MINIMIZE EROSION. SLOPES THAT ARE FOUND TO BE ERODING

- EXCESSIVELY WITHIN ONE YEAR OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH ADDITIONAL SLOPE STABILIZING MEASURES UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED. 8. CONCENTRATED RUNOFF SHALL NOT FLOW DOWN CUT OR FILL SLOPES
- CHANNEL, FLUME OR SLOPE DRAIN STRUCTURE. 9. WHENEVER WATER SEEPS FROM A SLOPE FACE, ADEQUATE DRAINAGE OR

OTHER PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED.

UNIFSS CONTAINED WITHIN AN ADEQUATE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT

10. ALL STORM SEWER INLETS THAT ARE MADE OPERABLE DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PROTECTED SO THAT SEDIMENT-LADEN WATER CANNOT ENTER THE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM WITHOUT FIRST BEING FILTERED OR OTHERWISE TREATED

- 11. BEFORE NEWLY CONSTRUCTED STORMWATER CONVEYANCE CHANNELS OR PIPES ARE MADE OPERATIONAL, ADEQUATE OUTLET PROTECTION AND ANY REQUIRED TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CHANNEL LINING SHALL BE INSTALLED IN BOTH THE CONVEYANCE CHANNEL AND RECEIVING CHANNEL
- 12. WHEN WORK IN A LIVE WATERCOURSE IS PERFORMED, PRECAUTIONS SHALL BE TAKEN TO MINIMIZE ENCROACHMENT, CONTROL SEDIMENT TRANSPORT AND STABILIZE THE WORK AREA TO THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE DURING CONSTRUCTION. NONERODIBLE MATERIAL SHALL BE USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CAUSEWAYS AND COFFERDAMS. EARTHEN FILL MAY BE USED FOR THESE STRUCTURES IF ARMORED BY NONERODIBLE COVER
- 13. WHEN A LIVE WATERCOURSE MUST BE CROSSED BY CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES MORE THAN TWICE IN ANY SIX-MONTH PERIOD, A TEMPORARY VEHICULAR STREAM CROSSING CONSTRUCTED OF NONERODIBLE MATERIAL SHALL BE
- 14. ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO WORKING IN OR CROSSING LIVE WATERCOURSES SHALL BE MET.
- 15. THE BED AND BANKS OF A WATERCOURSE SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY AFTER WORK IN THE WATERCOURSE IS COMPLETED.
- 16. UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS IN ADDITION TO OTHER APPLICABLE CRITERIA: a. NO MORE THAN 500 LINEAR FEET OF TRENCH MAY BE OPENED AT ONE
- b. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF c. EFFLUENT FROM DEWATERING OPERATIONS SHALL BE FILTERED OR PASSED
- THROUGH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE, OR BOTH, AND DISCHARGED IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT FLOWING STREAMS OR OFF-SITE PROPERTY. d. MATERIAL USED FOR BACKFILLING TRENCHES SHALL BE PROPERLY
- COMPACTED IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND PROMOTE STABILIZATION. e. RESTABILIZATION SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS
- f. APPLICABLE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH.
- 17. WHERE CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ACCESS ROUTES INTERSECT PAVED OR PUBLIC ROADS, PROVISIONS SHALL BE MADE TO MINIMIZE THE TRANSPORT OF SEDIMENT BY VEHICULAR TRACKING ONTO THE PAVED SURFACE. WHERE SEDIMENT IS TRANSPORTED ONTO A PAVED OR PUBLIC ROAD SURFACE, THE ROAD SURFACE SHALL BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY AT THE END OF EACH DAY. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE ROADS BY SHOVELING OR SWEEPING AND TRANSPORTED TO A SEDIMENT CONTROL DISPOSAL AREA. STREET WASHING SHALL BE ALLOWED ONLY AFTER SEDIMENT IS REMOVED IN THIS MANNER. THIS PROVISION SHALL APPLY TO INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT LOTS AS WELL AS TO LARGER LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- 18. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION OR AFTER THE TEMPORARY MEASURES ARE NO LONGER NEEDED, UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED BY THE VESCP AUTHORITY. TRAPPED SEDIMENT AND THE DISTURBED SOIL AREAS RESULTING FROM THE DISPOSITION OF TEMPORARY MEASURES SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED TO PREVENT FURTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.
- 19. PROPERTIES AND WATERWAYS DOWNSTREAM FROM DEVELOPMENT SITES SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM SEDIMENT DEPOSITION, EROSION AND DAMAGE DUE TO INCREASES IN VOLUME, VELOCITY AND PEAK FLOW RATE OF STORMWATER RUNOFF FOR THE STATED FREQUENCY STORM OF 24-HOUR DURATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS AND CRITERIA. STREAM RESTORATION AND RELOCATION PROJECTS THAT INCORPORATE NATURAL CHANNEL DESIGN CONCEPTS ARE NOT MAN—MADE CHANNELS AND SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM ANY FLOW RATE CAPACITY AND VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS FOR NATURAL OR MAN-MADE CHANNELS.

Greening Richmond Public Libraries: DCR Bioretention Design Standards Compliance, Belmont Branch

BMP	DCR Design Standard	Sizing	Ponding Depth	Media Depth	Gravel Sump Depth	Calculated Storage Depth	Infiltration Rate	Underdrain	Geometry	Pre-treatment	Conveyance	Planting	Setbacks
Basin 1	Table 9-3, Level One	CDA= 1700.4 sq ft impervious, 496.4 pervious	3"	30"	12"	1.275	< .5"/ hr	6" perf PVC	one cell design	Energy Dissipater at	on-line; downspouts & sheet flow	>75% coverage in 2 yrs	10' from foundation
BioRetention		75.59 sq ft required, 1244.3 sq ft provided							SFP/L ratio 0.3 or greater	downspouts & textured conveyance channel	s		no utilities this area
Basin 2	Table 9-2, Level One	CDA= 224.4 sq ft impervious, 0 pervious	6"	36"	12"	1.65	< .5"/ hr	6" perf PVC	one cell design	Trash screen on weep holes	on-line; sheet flow	>75% coverage in 2 yrs	10' from foundation
Micro BioRetention		6.73 sq ft required, 32.6 sq ft provided							SFP/L ratio 0.3 or greater				no utilities this area
Basin 3	Table 9-2, Level One	CDA= 469.3 sq ft impervious, 580.7 pervious	6"	36"	12"	1.65	< .5"/ hr	6" perf PVC	one cell design	Trash screen on weep holes	on-line; sheet flow	>75% coverage in 2 yrs	10' from foundation
Micro BioRetention		14.08 sq ft required, 135.3 sq ft provided							SFP/L ratio 0.3 or greater				no utilities this area
Basin 4*	Table 9-2, Level One	CDA= 335 sq ft impervious, 0 pervious	6"	36"	12"	1.65	< .5"/ hr	6" perf PVC	one cell design	Trash screen on weep holes	on-line; sheet flow	>75% coverage in 2 yrs	10' from foundation
Micro BioRetention		10.5 sq ft required, 40.7 sq ft provided							SFP/L ratio 0.3 or greater				no utilities this area

Runoff coefficients are .95 for impervious roof or pavement and .4 for planting bed or turf

Basin 2	Basin 3	Basin 4
SA = 3% CDA = 6.73	SA = 3% CDA =14.08	SA = 3% CDA =10.05
Tv impervious = (.95 x 224.4 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 17.77	Tv impervious = (.95 x 469.3 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 37.15	Tv impervious = (.95 x 335 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 26.52
Tv pervious = (.4 x 0 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 0	Tv pervious = (.40 x 580.7 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 16.02	Tv pervious = (.40 x 0 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 0
Calc.Depth = 6" ponding @100%+3'@25%+1'@40%	Calc.Depth = 6" ponding @100%+3'@25%+1'@40%	Calc.Depth = 6" ponding @100%+3'@25%+1'@40%
ς Γ\	A = 3% CDA = 6.73 / impervious = (.95 x 224.4 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 17.77 / pervious = (.4 x 0 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 0	A = 3% CDA = 6.73 y impervious = (.95 x 224.4 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 17.77 pervious = (.4 x 0 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 0 SA = 3% CDA = 14.08 Tv impervious = (.95 x 469.3 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 37.15 Tv pervious = (.40 x 580.7 sq ft CDA)/ 12 = 16.02

Landscape Operations & Maintenance Manual

Overview & System Functions

The site improvements at the Richmond Public Libraries are designed to be ecologically responsible landscapes that infiltrate stormwater on site, provide habitat and educational value by planting native species, and serve as a model for future development. This commitment to ecosystem services is also reflected in the care and maintenance of the properties to ensure that plants survive, infiltration systems remain in good function, and resources needed for landscape care are minimized.

Each site will be equipped with an operations and maintenance manual that is specific to the plant species and site improvements found there; bound and laminated copies of this manual will be supplied to the third-party contractor responsible for RPL landscape maintenance while a copy of the manual will also reside at each branch in a designated location known to the branch manager. At the date of writing the site-specific manuals are not yet available as the projects have yet to be constructed. Branch managers and contractor will complete an Annual Inspection Checklist jointly at the start of each growing season. This completed checklist will be bound into the library branch copy of the O&M Manual for inspection by city parties as desired. See below for the Annual Inspection Checklist.

This manual is an abbreviated version that has been reviewed and adopted by Richmond City Council

Scope of Weekly Services

Lawn Mowing

At each visit the entirety of the lawn area shall be mowed with all clippings recycled back into the lawn. Care shall be taken not to blow lawn clippings into planting beds (mow from the perimeter into the interior blowing clippings toward the center). Lawn edges shall be string trimmed.

At each visit a visual inspection of the planting beds shall be made with all debris and trash removed. Weeds outside of Bee Zones may be treated with herbicides at rates specified on the product used. Weeding within the Bee Zones must be done by hand with care taken not to damage plants. If in doubt as to whether a plant is a weed or not – particularly emerging perennials – consult with fellow workers or wait until the next visit.

Irrigation Inspection and Watering

At each visit the site shall be inspected for excessively wet areas that may indicate an irrigation leak or excessively dry areas that may indicate a non-functioning or improperly aimed head. Plant decline is another indicator of improper water amounts but do not assume that browned leaves indicate drought, it is also a sign of root rot due to excessive water. Workers shall report issues to the head of their company.

Bioretention areas will require hand watering once a week over the first summer IF IT DOES NOT RAIN. Check the rain gauge provided at each site (see site specific manuals for locations). On some sites, the bioretention basins are equipped with their own irrigation zone for use in the first year only and in emergency cases thereafter. If this is the case inspect the planting area for irrigation issues as one would any other planting bed.

Surface Cleaning/ Blowing

At each visit the site parking lots and sidewalks shall be cleaned of debris. All trash shall be separated from organic matter and disposed of. On some sites, a surface leaf composting area is provided. This is intended to reduce the amount of material that must leave the site and provide compost for future projects. See site specific manuals for pattern of site blow down to move leaves and organic matter to composting areas. Care shall be taken not to blow material into bioretention basins or onto pervious pavers.

Bioretention Basin Care

For the first six months following construction the site should be inspected at least twice after storm events in excess of a ½" inch of rainfall. Weekly inspections shall also include:

- Check for sediment buildup or a fine crust at curb cuts, inflow points, gravel diaphragms or pavement edges that prevents flow from getting into the bed and remove any sediment.

- Look for bare soil or sediment sources draining to the bioretention basin and stabilize them immediately. These may include bare or eroding lawn areas that should be spot reseeded. Scarify the soil, apply seed and erosion control elements such as straw or erosion control blanket as necessary. Contractor to collect and quantify materials and labor used in stabilization practices to be billed in the
- Check the bioretention bed for evidence of mulch flotation, excessive ponding, dead plants or concentrated flows, and take appropriate remedial action. These actions may include replacing dead plants immediately or raking mulch back into place. If dead plants are encountered, remove the dead portion of the plant to the ground for appearance. Do not remove the root ball until the replacement plant is on site. Workers shall report the plant removal or (dead trees they cannot handle) to the head of their company. See below for plant replacement protocol.
- Check for clogged or slow-draining soil media, a crust formed on the top layer, inappropriate soil media, or other causes of insufficient filtering time, and restore proper filtration characteristics. - If water remains on the surface for more than 48 hours after a storm, adjustments to the grading may be needed or underdrain repairs may be needed. Report ongoing issues to the head of the maintenance company. See scope of biannual services below.

Pervious Paver Care

For the first six months following construction the site should be inspected at least twice after storm events in excess of a ½" inch of rainfall. Weekly inspections shall also include:

- Remove all material and sediments from the paver surface.
- Check to make sure aggregate material from between the pavers has not blow up onto the surface. If it has, either remove it or sweep back into the joints with a broom. Inspect the condition of the observation well cap to make sure it has not been knocked off.
- Inspect the surface of the permeable pavement for evidence of sediment deposition, organic debris, staining or ponding that may indicate surface clogging. Look for areas of sediment intrusion such as mulch migrating onto the pavers. Remove material and dig a trench edge where the intrusion has occurred. Workers shall report ongoing issues to the head of their company.

Scope of Annual Services

Annual Inspection

Branch managers and contractor will complete an Annual Inspection Checklist jointly at the start of each growing season. This shall occur after all species have leafed out for the year. This completed checklist will be bound into the library branch copy of the O&M Manual for inspection by city parties as desired. Inspections

ANDREW

- Note any dead or severely damaged plants and replace with the same species and cultivar or with a species approved by the RPL Maintenance and Operations Facilities Manager. This includes denuded lawn areas that flow into bioretention basins. Expenditures of up \$200 per site per biannual season may be made at the discretion of the contractor and billed to RPL with a PO or invoice from the plant supplier. Expenditures in excess of \$200 per site per season must be approved by the RPL Maintenance and Operations Facilities Manager with a formal estimate. If specific plants have been replaced more than once and continue to die, consult a horticulturalist or landscape architect to identify the issue and provide new species selection. Confirm that 75% to 90% of vegetative cover is maintained in the bioretention basins and add reinforcement plantings to maintain the desired density if

- Inspect the health of all trees on site, noting dead wood to be removed or signs of disease and damage. Note any issues on the annual inspection report. These issues shall be forwarded to the city arborists by the Branch Manager.

- Inspect the entirety of the site per the weekly scope of work.
- Inspect the mulch layer for a maximum of 3" of mulch that doesn't touch the trunks of any trees or shrubs nor be mounded up around perennials. Adjust accordingly. Note that annual re-mulching will occur once a year in the fall.
- Inspect the surface of the permeable pavement for evidence of sediment deposition, organic debris, staining or ponding that may indicate surface clogging. Look for areas of sediment intrusion such as
- mulch migrating onto the pavers. - Inspect the structural integrity of the pavement surface, looking for signs of surface deterioration, such
- as slumping, cracking, spalling or broken pavers. Replace or repair affected areas, as necessary. - Inspect the condition of the observation well and make sure it is still capped.
- Generally, inspect any contributing drainage area for any controllable sources of sediment or erosion. - Inspect the surface of the permeable pavement for evidence of sediment deposition, organic debris, staining or ponding that may indicate surface clogging. Then, test sections by pouring water from a five
- gallon bucket to ensure they work. If any signs of clogging are noted, schedule paver cleaning or system overhaul. Cleaning shall be accomplished with a vacuum machine rated for pervious paver cleaning such as the Typhoon Surface and Joint Cleaner by Pavetech. If a qualified machine is not available the paving system has been built in such a way so that the pavers, 1" fine aggregate setting bed, and fine aggregate joint material can be replaced:
 - Remove all pavers and set aside. o Remove all 21A gravel joint and setting bed material. This is contained by mortared edge
- restraints and separated from lower gravel layers with filter fabric.
- With fine aggregates removed test the system as noted above. If issues persist contact a civil engineer or landscape architect for further exploration.
- Clean or replace filter fabric taking care not to allow sediment into lower layers.
- Replace setting bed, clean and relay pavers, and sweep with joint material.

Maintenance Duties

Contractor Selection and Contracts

The Director of The Richmond Public Libraries and his staff at his discretion shall select the maintenance contractor to take care of all RPL properties. Contracts shall include the contractor's DPOR license number, a copy of professional insurance, and hourly labor rate and narrative describing standard mark-ups on materials, if applicable. The remainder of the contract should reiterate the above or reference this document.

Additional Maintenance

The City of Richmond shall provide ongoing site maintenance for the following:

- Tree removal or tree pruning not accessible from the ground.
- Snow removal and ice treatment. No salt may be used on in areas draining to Bee Zones.
- Maintenance of hardscapes and utilities. Dumpster service and maintenance / cleaning of dumpster enclosures and surrounding areas.
- Gutter/ roof cleaning as necessary in areas where downspouts drain to bioretention basins or pervious

Greening Richmond Public Libraries Belmont Branch Library Pre-Development Runoff Calculations

Drainage Summary Description Existing Impervious

Area (ac) C-factor 0.290 0.90 0.070 0.40 Existing Permeable Total: 0.360 0.80

Tc Calculations

5.00 Min $(Tc + D)^E$ $I_2 = 5.32 \text{ IN/HR}$ 7.07 IN/HR 9.00 IN/HR

Existing Runoff Conditions:

C-factor Area 1.54 2.04 3.2 0.80

Greening Richmond Public Libraries Belmont Branch Library Post-Development Runoff Calculations

Drainage Summary C Factor: Description

Area (ac) C-factor 0.300 0.90 Proposed Impervious Proposed Permeable 0.30 Note impervious area infiltration rates are improved 0.360 0.80 resulting in an improved C factor.

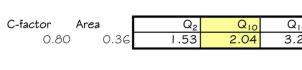
Tc Calculations:

| = $(Tc + D)^E$ $I_2 = 5.32 \text{ IN/HR}$ 7.07 IN/HR 10 = 9.00 IN/HR 1100 =

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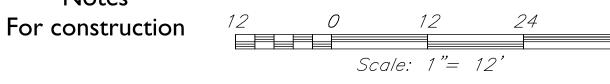
5.00 Min

Proposed Runoff Conditions:



Bid Set Revision Block















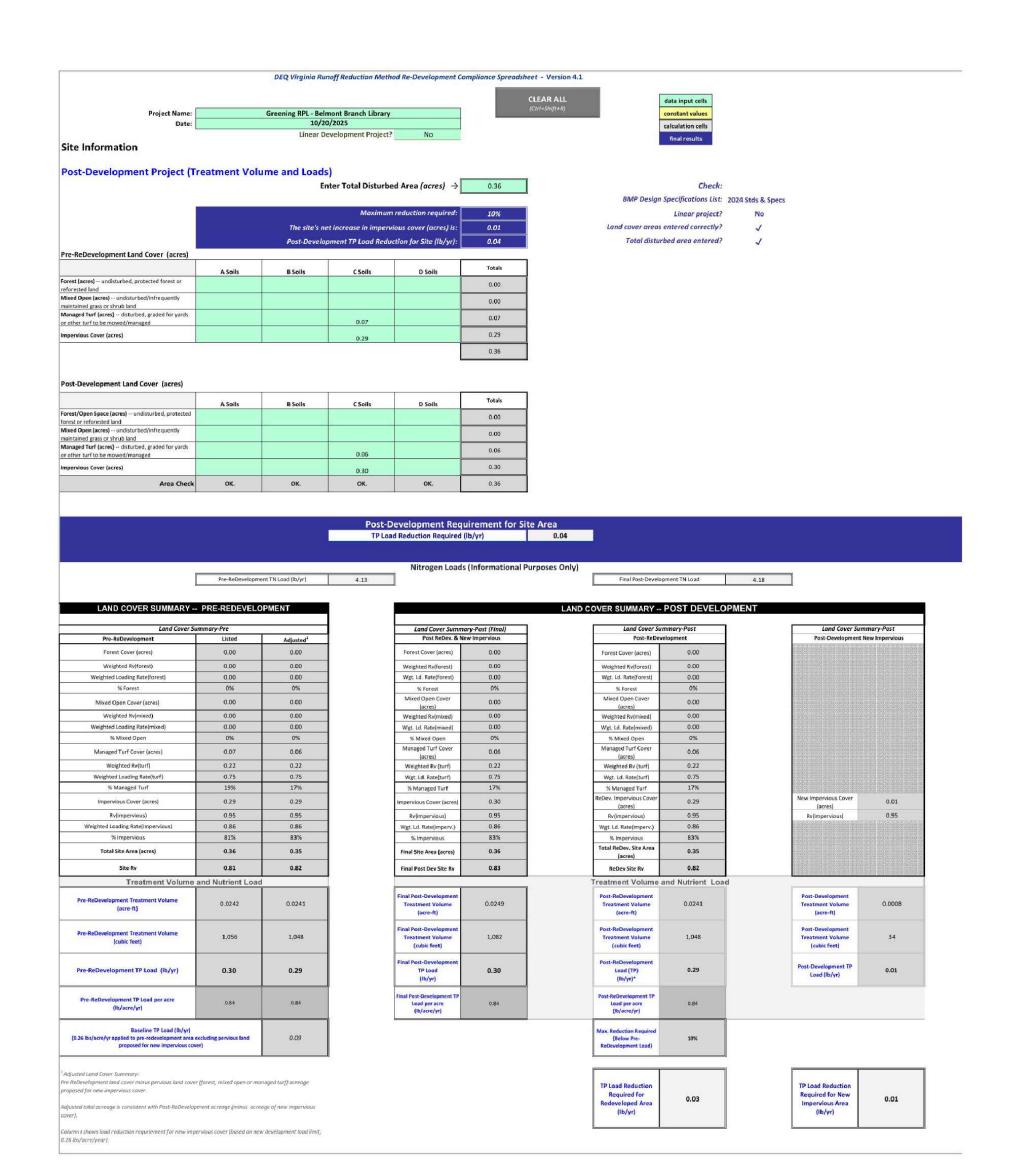


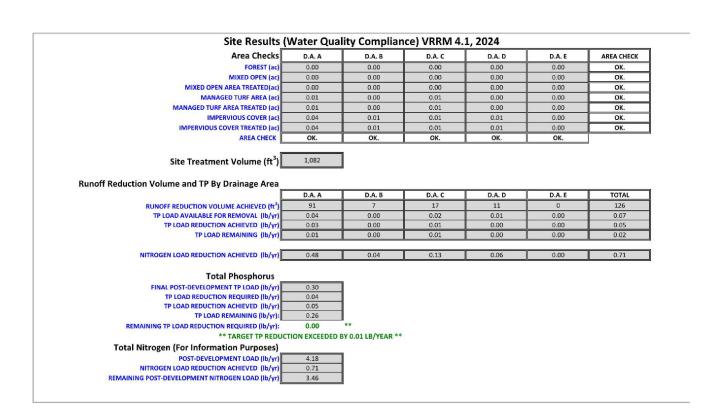


IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE JAMES RIVER BY REDUCING STORMWATER POLLUTION

Belmont Branch Library

3100 Ellwood Avenue, Richmond, 23221





Virginia Runoff Reduction Method Worksheet

DEQ Virginia Runoff Reduction Method Re-Development Compliance Spreadsheet - Version 4.1

BMP Design Specifications List: 2024 Stds & Specs Site Summary

Project Title: Greening RPL - Belmont Branch Library

Total Disturbed Acreage: 0.36

	A soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Totals	% of Total
Forest (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
Mixed Open (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
Managed Turf (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.07	19
Impervious Cover (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.29	81
	*				0.25	400

Post-ReDevelopment Land Cover (acres)

	A soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Totals	% of Total
Forest (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
Mixed Open (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
Managed Turf (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.06	17
Impervious Cover (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.30	83
* Forest/Open Space areas must be prot	0.36	100				

Site Tv and Land Cover Nutrient Loads

	Final Post-Development (Post-ReDevelopment & New Impervious)	Post- ReDevelopment	Post- Development (New Impervious)	Adjusted Pre- ReDevelopment	
Site Rv	0.83	0.82	0.00	0.82	
Treatment Volume (ft ³)	1,082	1,048	34	1,048	
TP Load (lb/yr)	0.30	0.29	0.01	0.29	

Pre- ReDevelopment TP Load per acre (lb/acre/yr)	Final Post-Development TP Load per acre (lb/acre/yr)	Post-ReDevelopment TP Load per acre (lb/acre/yr)
0.84	0.84	0.84

Total TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)	0.04	0.03	0.01
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	Final Post-Development Load (Post-ReDevelopment & New Impervious)	Pre- ReDevelopme
TN Load (lb/yr)	4.18	4.13

Virginia Runoff Reduction Method Worksheet

Site Compliance Summary

Total Runoff Volume Reduction (ft ³)	126	
Total TP Load Reduction Achieved (lb/yr)	0.05]
Total TN Load Reduction Achieved (lb/yr)	0.71	7
Remaining Post Development TP Load (lb/yr)	0.26	
Remaining TP Load Reduction (lb/yr) Required	0.00	** TARGET TP REDUCTION EXCEEDED BY 0.01 LE

Virginia Runoff Reduction Method Worksheet

Drainage Area Summary

	D.A. A	D.A. B	D.A. C	D.A. D	D.A. E	Total
Forest (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mixed Open (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Managed Turf (acres)	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02
Impervious Cover (acres)	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.06
Total Area (acres)	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.08

Drainage Area Compliance Summary

	D.A. A	D.A. B	D.A. C	D.A. D	D.A. E	Total
TP Load Reduced (lb/yr)	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.05
TN Load Reduced (lb/yr)	0.48	0.04	0.13	0.06	0.00	0.71

Virginia Runoff Reduction Method Worksheet

Runoff Volume and CN Calculations

1-year storm 2-year storm 10-year storm					ľ		
Drainage Areas RV & CN Drainage Area A Drainage Area B Drainage Area C Drainage Area D Drainage Area C		1-year storm	2-year storm	10-year storm			
CN 93 98 86 98 0 RR (ft³) 91 7 17 11 0 RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.00 2.50 1.43 2.50 0.00 RV w RR (ws-in) 1.49 2.12 1.20 2.12 0.00 CN adjusted 87 94 82 94 0 RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.55 3.08 1.93 3.08 0.00	Target Rainfall Event (in)	2.73	3.31	5.03			
CN 93 98 86 98 0 RR (ft³) 91 7 17 11 0 RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.00 2.50 1.43 2.50 0.00 RV w RR (ws-in) 1.49 2.12 1.20 2.12 0.00 CN adjusted 87 94 82 94 0 RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.55 3.08 1.93 3.08 0.00							
RR (ft³) 91 7 17 11 0	Drainage Areas	RV & CN	Drainage Area A	Drainage Area B	Drainage Area C	Drainage Area D	Drainage Area E
RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.00 2.50 1.43 2.50 0.00	CN		93	98	86	98	0
1-year return period RV w RR (ws-in) 1.49 2.12 1.20 2.12 0.00 CN adjusted 87 94 82 94 0 RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.55 3.08 1.93 3.08 0.00	RR (ft ³)		91	7	17	11	0
CN adjusted 87 94 82 94 0 RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.55 3.08 1.93 3.08 0.00	1-year return period	RV wo RR (ws-in)	2.00	2.50	1.43	2.50	0.00
RV wo RR (ws-in) 2.55 3.08 1.93 3.08 0.00		RV w RR (ws-in)	1.49	2.12	1.20	2.12	0.00
Special and the special specia		CN adjusted	87	94	82	94	0
2-year return period RV w RR (ws-in) 2.05 2.70 1.70 2.70 0.00	2-year return period	RV wo RR (ws-in)	2.55	3.08	1.93	3.08	0.00
		RV w RR (ws-in)	2.05	2.70	1.70	2.70	0.00
CN adjusted 87 94 83 94 0		CN adjusted	87	94	83	94	0
RV wo RR (ws-in) 4.23 4.79 3.50 4.79 0.00	10-year return period	RV wo RR (ws-in)	4.23	4 .79	3.50	4.79	0.00
10-year return period RV w RR (ws-in) 3.72 4.41 3.26 4.41 0.00		RV w RR (ws-in)	3.72	4.41	3.26	4.41	0.00
CN adjusted 88 95 84 95 0		CN adjusted	88	95	84	95	0







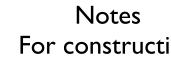














Revision Block